

Package: rfinterval (via r-universe)

August 21, 2024

Type Package

Title Predictive Inference for Random Forests

Version 1.0.0

Date 2019-07-14

Maintainer Haozhe Zhang <haozhe.stat@gmail.com>

Description An integrated package for constructing random forest prediction intervals using a fast implementation package 'ranger'. This package can apply the following three methods described in Haozhe Zhang, Joshua Zimmerman, Dan Nettleton, and Daniel J. Nordman (2019) <[doi:10.1080/00031305.2019.1585288](https://doi.org/10.1080/00031305.2019.1585288)>: the out-of-bag prediction interval, the split conformal method, and the quantile regression forest.

License GPL-3

Imports ranger, MASS

Depends R (>= 3.1)

URL <http://github.com/haozhestat/rfinterval>

BugReports <http://github.com/haozhestat/rfinterval/issues>

Suggests testthat

LazyData true

Encoding UTF-8

RoxygenNote 6.1.1

Language en-US

Repository <https://haozhestat.r-universe.dev>

RemoteUrl <https://github.com/haozhestat/rfinterval>

RemoteRef HEAD

RemoteSha 3d007d8e6018d411ed3ca6302dfd2f1cb8934f8c

Contents

BeijingPM25	2
rfinterval	3
sim_data	4

Index

6

BeijingPM25

Beijing PM2.5 Air Pollution Data

Description

This hourly data set contains the PM2.5 data of US Embassy in Beijing. Meanwhile, meteorological data from Beijing Capital International Airport are also included.

Usage

BeijingPM25

Format

A data frame with 8661 rows and 11 variables:

pm2.5 PM2.5 concentration (ug/m³)

month month of observation

day day of observation

hour hour of observation

DEWP dew point

TEMP temperature

PRES air pressure

cbwd combined wind direction

Iws cumulated wind speed

Is cumulated hours of snow

Ir cumulated hours of rain

Source

Liang, X., Zou, T., Guo, B., Li, S., Zhang, H., Zhang, S., Huang, H. and Chen, S. X. (2015). Assessing Beijing's PM2.5 pollution: severity, weather impact, APEC and winter heating. Proceedings of the Royal Society A, 471, 20150257.

rfinterval*Prediction Intervals for Random forests*

Description

The `rfinterval` constructs prediction intervals for random forest predictions using a fast implementation package '`ranger`'.

Usage

```
rfinterval(formula = NULL, train_data = NULL, test_data = NULL,
method = c("oob", "split-conformal", "quantreg"), alpha = 0.1,
symmetry = TRUE, seed = NULL, params_ranger = NULL)
```

Arguments

<code>formula</code>	Object of class <code>formula</code> or character describing the model to fit. Interaction terms supported only for numerical variables.
<code>train_data</code>	Training data of class <code>data.frame</code> , <code>matrix</code> , or <code>dgCMatrix</code> (<code>Matrix</code>).
<code>test_data</code>	Test data of class <code>data.frame</code> , <code>matrix</code> , or <code>dgCMatrix</code> (<code>Matrix</code>).
<code>method</code>	Method for constructing prediction interval. If <code>method = "oob"</code> , compute the out-of-bag prediction intervals; if <code>method = "split-conformal"</code> , compute the split conformal prediction interval; if <code>method = "quantreg"</code> , use quantile regression forest to compute prediction intervals.
<code>alpha</code>	Confidence level. <code>alpha = 0.05</code> for the 95% prediction interval.
<code>symmetry</code>	True if constructing symmetric out-of-bag prediction intervals, False otherwise. Only for <code>method = "oob"</code>
<code>seed</code>	Seed (only for <code>method = "split-conformal"</code>)
<code>params_ranger</code>	List of further parameters that should be passed to <code>ranger</code> . See ranger for possible parameters.

Value

<code>oob_interval</code>	Out-of-bag prediction intervals
<code>sc_interval</code>	Split-conformal prediction intervals
<code>quantreg_interval</code>	Quantile regression forest prediction intervals
<code>alpha</code>	Confidence level for prediction intervals
<code>testPred</code>	Random forest prediction for test set
<code>train_data</code>	Training data
<code>test_data</code>	Test data

References

- Haozhe Zhang, Joshua Zimmerman, Dan Nettleton, and Dan Nordman. (2019). "Random Forest Prediction Intervals." *The American Statistician*. Doi: 10.1080/00031305.2019.1585288.
- Haozhe Zhang. (2019). "Topics in Functional Data Analysis and Machine Learning Predictive Inference." Ph.D. Dissertations. Iowa State University Digital Repository. 17929.
- Lei, J., Max G'Sell, Alessandro Rinaldo, Ryan J. Tibshirani, and Larry Wasserman. "Distribution-free predictive inference for regression." *Journal of the American Statistical Association* 113, no. 523 (2018): 1094-1111.
- Meinshausen, Nicolai. "Quantile regression forests." *Journal of Machine Learning Research* 7 (2006): 983-999.
- Leo Breiman. (2001). Random Forests. *Machine Learning* 45(1), 5-32.

Examples

```
train_data <- sim_data(n = 500, p = 8)
test_data <- sim_data(n = 500, p = 8)
output <- rfinterval(y~., train_data = train_data, test_data = test_data,
                      method = c("oob", "split-conformal", "quantreg"),
                      symmetry = TRUE, alpha = 0.1)
y <- test_data$y
mean(output$oob_interval$lo < y & output$oob_interval$up > y)
mean(output$sc_interval$lo < y & output$sc_interval$up > y)
mean(output$quantreg_interval$lo < y & output$quantreg_interval$up > y)
```

sim_data

Simulate data

Description

Simulate data for illustrate the performance of prediction intervals for random forests

Usage

```
sim_data(n = 500, p = 10, rho = 0.6, predictor_dist = "correlated",
          mean_function = "nonlinear-interaction",
          error_dist = "homoscedastic")
```

Arguments

<i>n</i>	Sample size
<i>p</i>	Number of features
<i>rho</i>	Correlation between predictors
<i>predictor_dist</i>	Distribution of predictor: "uncorrelated", and "correlated"
<i>mean_function</i>	Mean function: "linear", "nonlinear", and "nonlinear-interaction"
<i>error_dist</i>	Distribution of error: "homoscedastic", "heteroscedastic", and "heavy-tailed"

Value

a data.frame of simulated data

Examples

```
train_data <- sim_data(n = 500, p = 10)
test_data <- sim_data(n = 500, p = 10)
```

Index

* **datasets**

BeijingPM25, [2](#)

BeijingPM25, [2](#)

ranger, [3](#)

rfinterval, [3](#)

sim_data, [4](#)